(c) the measures proposed to help the distressed cotton farmers to save them from the clutches of middlemen?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) No, Sir. Cotton is sold in the market yards in open auction where both the agencies i.e. respective State Marketing Federations (In Andhra Pradesh, A.P. State Marketing Federation) and the Cotton Corporation of India (CCI) participate. Hence, cotton is sold in the market at competitive prices. However, those farmers who do not participate in the open auctions but prefer to sell at village levels, in such cases it is likely that they may not get competitive prices.

(b) and (c) To safeguard the interests of the cotton growers, the Government of India announces every year the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) of cotton for F-414/H-777 and H-4 varieties to give incentive to the farmers for higher investment and adoption of modern techniques. The prices of other varieties of cotton arc fixed by the Ministry of Textiles on the basis of price differentials of these two basic varieties. The MSP for 1997-98 crop season has been fixed at Rs. 1330 per quintal for F-414/H-777 and Rs. 1530 per quintal for H-4 variety. The wholesale prices in the open market including those in Andhra Pradesh have been ruling above the MSPs.

Changes in Farm Practices

1669. SHRI YERRA NARAYANASWAMY : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are contemplating to induce changes in the existing system of farm practices;

(b) if so, on what aspects of farm practices the new policy will be focusing;

(c) whether it is a fact that in some area farmers are over-using fertilizers and pesticides;

(d) the agencies which will be used to educate farmers about the optimal use of land, water and genetic resources; and

(c) the other details thereof

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) and (b) Government proposes to induce changes in existing farming practices by populating cropping system based agriculture on watershed basis in rainfed areas, diversification of cultivation, adoption of better water conservation techniques such as sprinkler/drip irrigations methods, etc.

(c) Average consumption of fertilisers and pesticides in India is on lower side as compared to several other countries though wide variations in consumption arc observed across States and even within regions in some States.

(d) and (c) Farmer education is imparted through Agricultural Universities set-up by Indian Council for Agriculture; Krishi Vigyan Kcndras (KVKs); Extcn-tion Network operated by State Agriculture Departments, and other agencies such as Mitra Krishak Mandals.

Development of Model Fishermen's Villages in Andhra Pradesh

1670. SHRI V. KISHORE CHAN-DRAS DEO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether representations have been received for development of Model Fishcrmcns villages in the districts of Visakhapatnam; Srikakulam and West Godavari in Andhra Pradesh;

(b) if so, the details of such representations received in 1998, so far; ...

(c) whether any report has been called from Andhra Pradesh in this regard;

(d) if so, whether any reply has been received;

(c) whether technical asistance and advice will be given by Government in formulation of such proposals from States; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?